

## History of Mt. Komaki, a National Historic Site

In 1563, Oda Nobunaga, a powerful feudal warlord, built a castle on Mt. Komaki, and relocated his residence here from Kiyosu Castle. Nobunaga was the first to choose Mt. Komaki as a castle site. The main entrance to the Castle was on the south side of the mountain, proceeding straight halfway up, turning to the right, then winding upward to the Castle. To the south of Mt. Komaki stretched wild plains, where a castle town was developed, covering an area of 1 kilometer east-west and 1.4 kilometer south-north.

After moving to Komaki Castle, Nobunaga took control of Inuyama region and brought Owari Province under his rule. After that, he launched a massive campaign in Mino Province. In 1567, four years after building Komaki Castle, he conquered Inabayama Castle, and changed its name to Gifu Castle, and moved his base there. As a result, Komaki Castle was abandoned and the castle town was deserted.

In 1584, when the Komaki-Nagakute Battle broke out, Tokugawa Ieyasu and Oda Nobukatsu mobilized their troops to restore the abandoned castle and built a solid fortress there. It was at the time of this restoration that the main gate, the moats, and the double ramparts surrounding the mountain were constructed. But during the Komaki-Nagakute Battle, no serious battles took place near Komaki, and the Castle was abandoned again after the battle came to an end. Today we can see the ruins of this restored castle on Mt. Komaki.

The moats and double ramparts are well preserved and remain in very good condition, thanks to the sufficient degree of protection provided by the Owari Domain during the Edo Period and by the Owari Tokugawa Family during the Meiji Era that followed. Thus the ruins of the Castle provide us with important insight into the history of the Japanese castles.

Komaki Castle was designated a national historic site in 1927, and after that, the Tokugawa Family, who owned the castle site, transferred its ownership to the municipality of Komaki in 1930.



Old map of the castle on Mt. Komaki and Komaki Village, Kasugai-gun (duplicate)

## ご利用案内

入館料	区分	大人(高校生以上)	小人(小中学生)
	一般	100円	30円
	団体(30名以上)	60円	20円

※土日祝日は小人の入館無料

**開館時間** 午前9時～午後4時30分(入館は午後4時15分まで)

**休館日** 毎週木曜日・年末年始(12月29日～1月3日)

**駐車場** 小牧山北駐車場(100円/30分、ただし最初の2時間は無料)を利用  
大型バス専用駐車場(無料)有

### 交通アクセス



### 公共交通機関

- 名鉄小牧線「小牧駅」から西へ1.9km(徒歩25分)
- 名鉄バス・小牧巡回バス「小牧市役所前」下車(徒歩10分)
  - 名鉄バス/小牧駅～岩倉駅(小牧市役所経由)
  - 名鉄都市間高速バス/桃花台線
  - 小牧巡回バス1・2・3・4・6コース

■車 ■小牧インターより車で約5分

**所在地** 〒485-8650 愛知県小牧市堀の内1-1  
TEL/FAX(0568)72-0712

### 小牧山案内図



**HPアドレス** <http://www.md.ccnw.ne.jp/seinen/rekiskan/top1.htm>

# Welcome to The Komaki City Historical Museum



## Komaki Castle